CONSULTATION QUESTIONS

Section 1

Q1) Do you think the Home Report is meeting its original objectives?
Yes ⊠ No □
Q1a) If yes, please explain why Yes, but only in part. As a seller I did make improvement to the condition of my house prior to the HR and some minor repairs after the HR was issued to me. However, as a buyer I found HRs on many properties to not highlight obvious faults with known pressure from agents and sellers put on surveyors to only put category 1 repairs even when faults were present. In addition, the HR on the house I finally bought only had a HR from a cheap fee firm and so I was required to get my own survey and mortgage valuation carried out therefore resulting on multiple surveys on the property. The valuation on the HR does seem to set the upper asking price for a property with most sales below HR value so this has removed the artificially low asking prices.
Q1b) If no, please explain why Comments
Q2) Are the original Home Report objectives still appropriate? Yes ⊠ No □
Q2a) If yes, please explain why If the HR is done by a reputable surveyor without excessive pressure from agents then sellers will know the report will be 'warts and all' and so many will look to make any significant repairs before the HR is commissioned or if they choose not to the buyer will have a full view of any issues and can reflect this in offer price and ensure they have the additional funds available to make essential repairs as soon as the taken possession of the property. It should also avoid multiple surveys if the HR is carried out by a reputable surveyor that has lender panel appointments so the buyer's lender does not have to commission another survey for the mortgage. The problem of setting artificially low asking pricing does not appear to be a problem in the current market, however I see the benefit in controlling the unrealistic values some agents (particularly the fixed fee upfront agents) will promise to get for your house in order to win your business, then 3 months later ask you to reduce the asking price in line with the other agents at the original time.
Q2b) If no, please explain why
Comments

Q3) Should the Home Report play a more central role in promoting energy efficiency and property condition improvements among home owners?

Q3a) If yes, please explain why I feel many homeowners will not have much knowledge on home maintenance and improvements and many will not fully trust tradesme give fair view and costs of works required. However armed with a 3 rd preport they should be more confident to approach tradesmen and have better understanding of potential costs of repairs before instructing wo Similarly few homeowners will fully understand energy efficiency and a reluctant to invest in expensive efficiency improvements that will only release a benefit and saving back to them over the long term.	arty e a rks.
Q3b) If no, please explain why	
Comments	

Q4a) If yes, please explain why including who should have responsibility for development and maintenance Comments

Q4b) If no, please explain why

The condition of a property and categories of repair in a HR are ultimately the judgement of a single surveyor with attitudes varying across different surveying firms and from levels of pressure from agents. Therefore to track the changes of condition of a property over time across HR would only be possible if the HR over time were all done by the same surveyor.

Section 2
Q5) Do you think the upfront cost of Home Reports is preventing potential sellers from putting their property onto the market? Yes \sum No \sim \sim
Q5a) If yes, please provide details. Comments
Q6) Are you aware of any schemes available (e.g. deferred payment) to help potential sellers to pay for home reports? Yes \(\subseteq\) No \(\simeg\)
Q6a) If yes, please provide details Comments
Q7) Are there any issues with the majority of Home Reports being commissioned through selling agents? Yes No
Q7a) If yes, please explain why As selling agents will be commissioning HRs on behalf of their clients they will control a large volume of instructions and in the majority of cases will not give their client a choice of surveyor to use. Therefore the agent can put pressure on the surveyor to report in a favourable manor to aid the sale of the property as they can threaten to move their large volume of business if they don't get their way. I have heard many stories of agents telling prospective buyers they can get the valuation and condition the seller wants on the HR without the surveyor even seeing or discussing the property with the agent. In addition, I have also heard many selling agents will take an introduction fee from the surveyor for passing them the business and so this will ultimately increase the costs to the seller.
Q7b) If no, please explain why
Comments
Q8) Should other organisations be allowed to carry out the Single Survey (including valuation) and/or the Energy Report? Yes \[\sum \ No \sum \]

Q8a) If yes, what other organisations and why Comments

Q8b) If no, please explain why

After having to pay for another lender survey on the property I purchased for

mortgage purposes, it really took a large value out of the HR for the property. If the HR had been carried out by a reputable surveyor on the lender panels then the whole sale process would have gone through a lot quicker and smoother and would have saved me the best part of £1,000 on another survey that would not have been required. If non property RICS surveyor were able to carry out HRs then the cost of the HR would be likely to drop and firms would not have to pay professional wages, but at the same time most properties would then need 2 surveys; the HR for the seller then a mortgage valuation for the buyer which in many cases would lead to disputes on value and condition which would slow down the sale process and ultimately stop a lot of sale concluding. As most sellers are buying another property they too end up paying more for surveys as saving on HR will be more than outweighed by a mortgage valuation on their new home.

Q9) In your experience is the requirement for a home report before marketin property leading to delays in properties coming onto the market? Yes \square No \boxtimes
Q9a) If yes, please outline the implications of this. Comments
Q10) Are home reports a useful marketing tool for sellers? Yes No
Q10a) If yes, please explain why If sellers take the time to fix any issues with the property before the HR then such recent repairs can be mentioned in the HR and give prospective buyers comfort that the property is well maintained and give an advantage over poorer conditioned properties.
Q10b) If no, please explain why
Comments
Q11) Is the 12 week deadline for marketing a property after completion of a home report appropriate and reasonable? Yes No
Q11a) If yes, please explain why Due to the upfront costs etc. if a HR is completed the property should be going on the market straight away so I can't see a problem with the 12 week deadline, although I'm not sure a deadline is needed at all. The date of the HR is shown so buyers will know how old the report is.
Q11b) If no, please explain why

Q12) Is the 28 day provision for removing a property from the market without requiring a new home report appropriate and reasonable? Yes \boxtimes No \square
Q12a) If yes, please explain why Again the date of the HR is shown so buyers will know how old the report is, so a break from marketing the property should not make much difference.
Q12b) If no, please explain why
Comments
Q13) Are there any issues with potential buyers accessing home reports? Yes \square No \boxtimes
Q13a) If yes, please provide an overview and outline the implications of this Comments
Q14) Is this the most appropriate way to enforce home report legislation?
Q14a) If no, please explain why and how this could be improved Comments
Q15) What are your views on mortgage lenders' acceptance of home report valuations?
This is key to the value of the HR and to stop multiple surveys on the same property. This is why I used a reputable surveyor to produce the HR for the property I sold. If they are accepted on the lender panels then I knew I could trust their report, opinion and value of the property and it would also ensure a smooth sales process and transparent sale price negotiation with the buyer.
Q16) Are the re-dress options available to buyers reasonable and appropria $oxed{Yes}\ oxed{oxed}$ No \odots
Q16a) If no, please explain why and how these could be improved Comments
Q17) Do these exceptions need to be amended? Yes No

Q17a) If yes, please explain what amendments are required and why I would expect property portfolios to require individual HRs for individual properties. Not only to protect the buyer and ensure they are fully aware of the condition of the properties they are buying but also to hopefully raise the standard of the conditions for tenants and highlight any breaches of regulations.

Section 3	
Q18) Does the single survey element of the home report provide an appropriate and useful level of information? Yes No	
Q18a) If no, please explain why and what information should be removed and/or added Comments	
Q19) Should the repairs categories in the single survey be amended to make them consistent with the categories used in the Scottish House Conditions Survey? Yes \(\subseteq \text{No} \(\subseteq \)	;
Q19a) If yes, please explain why Comments	
Q19b) If no, please explain why	
I believe the current definitions are more consumer friendly. However only three categories may be too broad, 5 may be better.	
Q20) Is the valuation element of the single survey a useful element of the horeport? Yes No	me
Q20a) If yes, please explain why I believe this is the key element most buyers (and sellers) will focus on. It gives a transparent value for both the seller and buyer to negotiate from and take out elements of market / agent hype.	
Q20b) If no, please explain why	
Comments	
Q21) Is the information provided in the energy report appropriate and useful Yes \boxtimes No \square	?
Q21a) If yes, please explain why It is good to raise awareness of the efficiency of properties and give buyers a rough estimate of the ongoing energy costs they would face and what they could do improve the efficiency and likely costs of doing this and saving going forward.	

Q22) Is the information provided in the property questionnaire appropriate and useful? Yes \boxtimes No \square

Q21b) If no, please explain why

Comments

Q22a) If yes, please explain why It will help solicitors in the sales process and is also asking the seller to be truthful as to any prior changes / incidents with the property instead of leaving it all to 'buyer beware'.
Q22b) If no, please explain why
Comments
Q23) Should an additional question on land maintenance fees be added to the Property Questionnaire? Yes ☑ No ☐
to the Property Questionnaire?
to the Property Questionnaire? Yes ⊠ No □ Q23a) If yes, please explain why